Introduction

The Whole Child Health Alliance (the "Alliance") seeks to accelerate the adoption of whole child health delivery models supported by sustainable financing models. Whole child health models engage multisector partners to support the developmental, physical, mental, behavioral, and social needs of children and youth, and foster healthy relationships with caregivers, through individual, family-based and community-level approaches. Key partners include child health providers, payers, community-based organizations, families and other child-serving organizations such as schools. This document describes key elements of the whole child health models the Alliance will advance.

Taken together, the key elements represent essential components of holistic, family-centered child health approaches that support optimal health, development and well-being. They expand upon, but do not duplicate, existing work by other organizations (see Appendix). The Alliance will utilize this document to concretely assess whole child health models and policy proposals. In addition, the Alliance will expand upon the key elements with companion documents that lay out specific opportunities for action by policymakers.

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Key Elements

- x Employ thoughtful use of stories, technology, data and analytics to better understand the needs of, and improve engagement and partnership with, children and families.
- x Support ongoing two-way communication about the patient experience with clinical care and social services to advance process improvement efforts that focus on the child and family at the center of all patient care.

Aligning Care for Families

Families are a fundamental factor in the long-term health and development of children. Stable and nurturing relationships with parents, grandparents, siblings, and other family members provide a foundation for healthy development across <u>a variety of areas</u>, including brain architecture. The health of <u>mothers</u> and <u>fathers</u>, even prior to pregnancy, has a significant impact on child health. In addition, <u>two- or multigenerational approaches</u> are often the most effective strategies to promote child health and development. Models should consider the following factors.

- x Partner with and be grounded in the lived experience of families to ensure their goals and needs are incorporated.
- x Promote co-development of goals and agendas in a way that respects families, patients and community members as equal partners.
- x Include parents and other caregivers in disease prevention and health promotion efforts focused on improving child health and development and supporting healthy pregnancies.
- x Ensure connections to resources and programs that promote the <u>economic</u> <u>security</u> of families and address their social needs since families with greater economic security can better ensure the health and well-being of their children.

Fostering Healthy Communities

Engagement from community members with lived experience, patients, leaders, local organizations, residents, and other stakeholders is critical to building buy-in and ensuring approaches meet local needs. Community members, leaders and organizations should play a key role in the design and development of whole child health models. This includes a role in determining how funds will be used and an ongoing role in governance structures and evaluation.

- x Models should provide the financial support to develop and sustain a community-based "backbone" or <u>integrator</u> organization(s) that can help address social and developmental needs, integrate programs, advance shared goals and optimize funding, for example, by pooling resources from various multi-sector sources.
- x Health care, child care, education, public health, community leaders, payers and other sectors should agree on a set of shared goals and cross-sector measures of success. This effort could include criteria to define targeted

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Supporting a Diverse, Multi-disciplinary Workforce

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Incentivizing Cross-Sector Data Partnerships

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Assessing Quality Improvement and Performance

Quality assessment and improvement activities aim to measure how well various clinical or social delivery models improve key client or patient outcomes. The influential Institute of Medicine framework includes six aims: safe, effective, patient-centered, timely, efficient and effective clinical care. In the context of whole child

Appendix

Suggested Citation

Whole Child Health Alliance. *Key Elements of Whole Child Health Models*. Updated January 26, 2023. https://www.nemours.org/content/dam/nemours/nemours-org/en/documents/whole-child-health-alliance-key-elements.pdf

Foundational Resources

In addition to the resources linked throughout the document, the following resources provided foundational content for the

- https://www.nemours.org/content/dam/nemours/wwwv2/childrens-health-system/documents/nemours-emerging-examples.pdf
- x Johnson K, Bruner C. A Sourcebook on Medicaid's Role in Early Childhood: Advancin g High Performing Medical Homes and Improving Lifelong Health Child and Family Policy Center-